



Health of Mother – Baby Cohorts

Human monitoring

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4th BioDetectors 2009

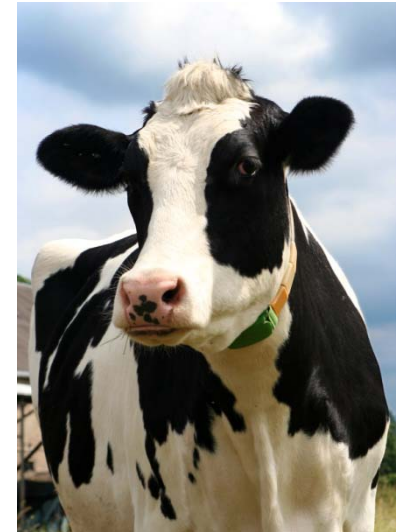


- **Introduction**
- **Human monitoring**
- **NewGeneris**
- **Validation of protocols**
- **NewGeneris samples (high-throughput analyses)**



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Human exposure



Dioxins poisoning/exposure



Viktor Y. before

At background levels, dioxins exposure has been associated with adverse health effects, e.g.

- reduced birth weight
- adverse effects on endocrine function
- cognitive development
- carcinogenesis
- diabetes type 2
- reproduction problems



Viktor Y. after

Endocrine disruption



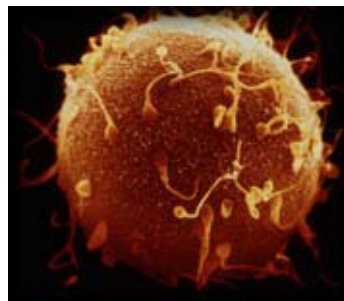
Teeny weenies



Drastic Deformities



Infertile Felines



Humans at Risk?
(e.g. breast cancer;
developmental problems)

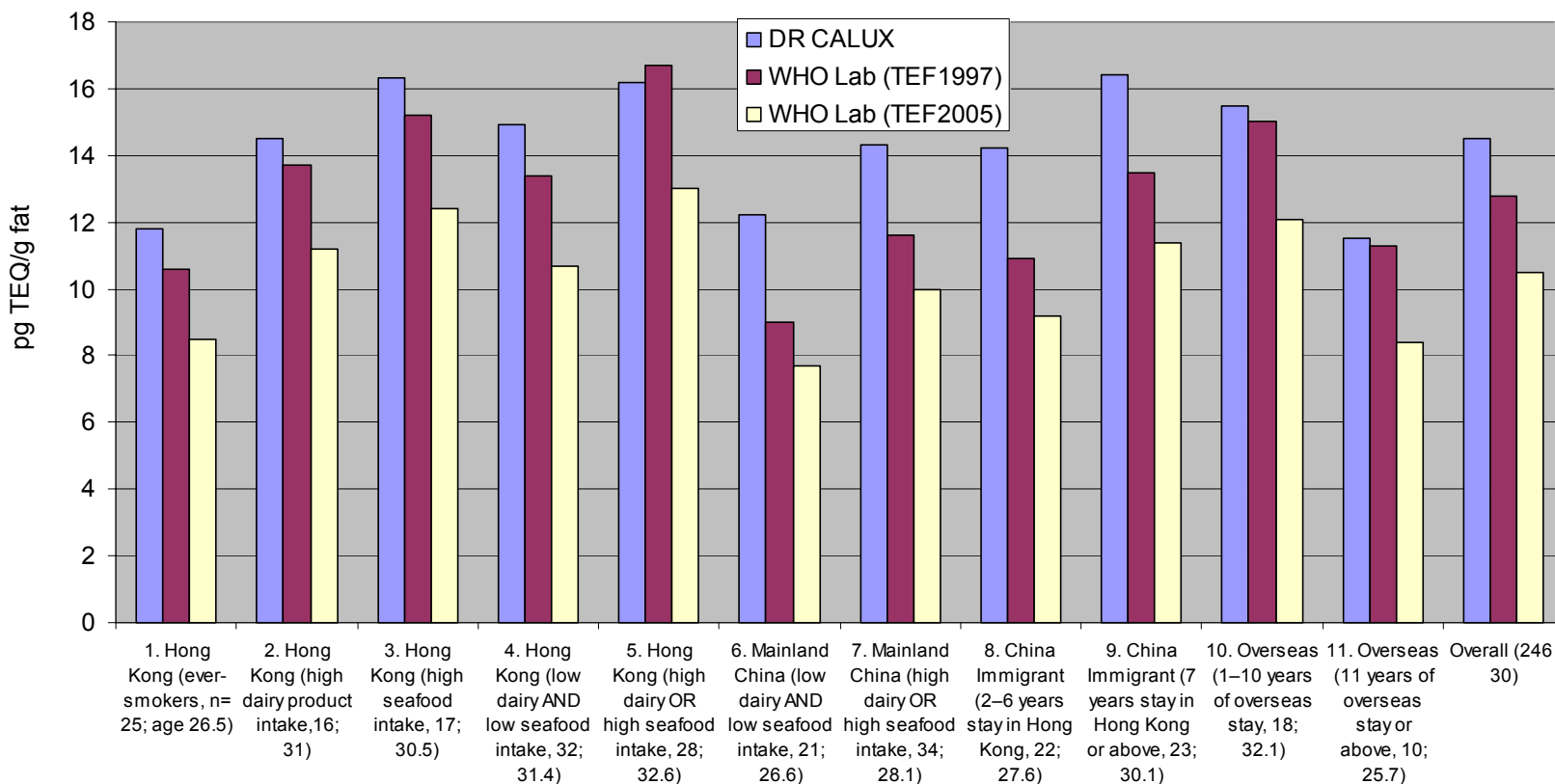


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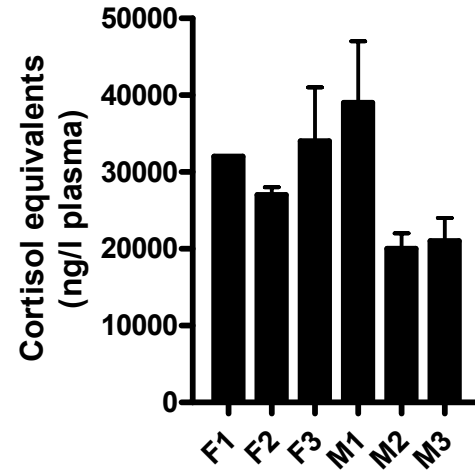
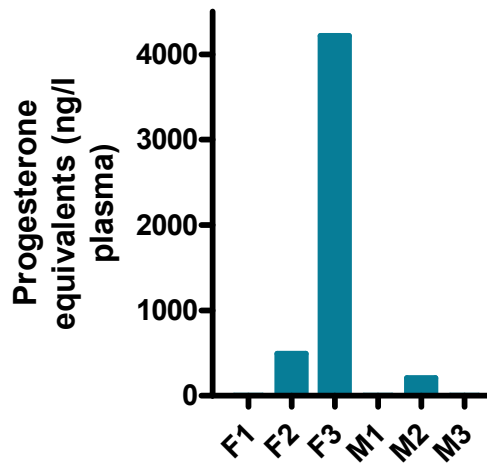
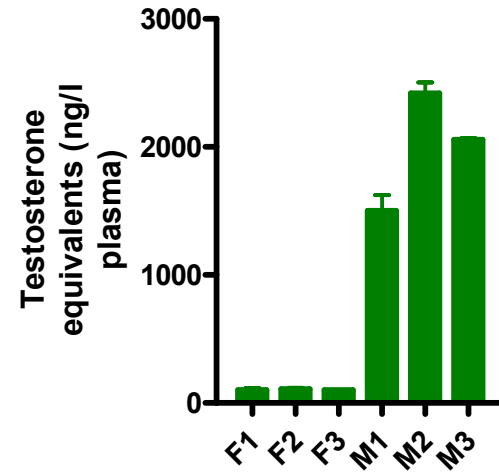
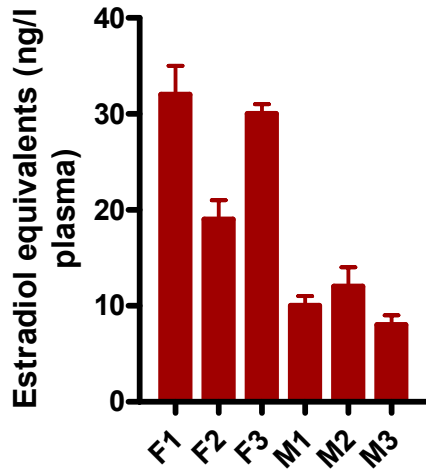
- **Blood / serum**
- **Breast milk**
- **Urine / feaces**
- **Tissue**

Mother milk in Hong Kong and China

DR CALUX-Total-TEQ (BDS) vs HRGC/HRMS WHO-Total-TEQ (WHO Reference lab)
- pooled breast milk



WADA: plasma steroid profiles





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Newborns and Genotoxic exposure risks: development and application of biomarkers of dietary exposure to genotoxic and immunotoxic chemicals and of biomarkers of early effect, using mother-child birth cohorts and biobanks

Workpackage 6: Biomarkers of exposure – application of currently available techniques

**Participant: BioDetection Systems BV (BDS)
Kruislaan 406
1098 SM Amsterdam
The Netherlands**

Hypothesis to be tested:

maternal exposure to dietary compounds with carcinogenic and immunotoxic properties results in *in utero* exposure and molecular events in unborn child leading to increased risk of cancer and immune disorders in later childhood.

Existing mother-child cohorts will be used while new biobanks will be set-up

Overall goal: Development and application of two categories of biomarkers in relation to dietary exposure and childhood disease.

- 1 - biomarkers of exposure to chemicals with carcinogenic and immunotoxic properties
- 2 - biomarkers of precarcinogenic and immunotoxic effects

Workpackage 6:

Biomarkers of exposure – application of currently available techniques

Main objective:

To **apply** currently available assays for DNA- and protein adducts as biomarker of exposure to genotoxins with concomitant features, as well as **CALUX reporter gene assay** for analysis of other immunotoxicants such as dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs, thereby **using existing biobanks from mother/child cohorts**

- To develop and validate bio-based CALUX[®] methods for human monitoring.
- To analyse total dioxins content and/or endocrine potency for several different activity classes (ER, AR, DR).
- To apply CALUX[®] bioassays for e.g. screening low volume human blood samples.



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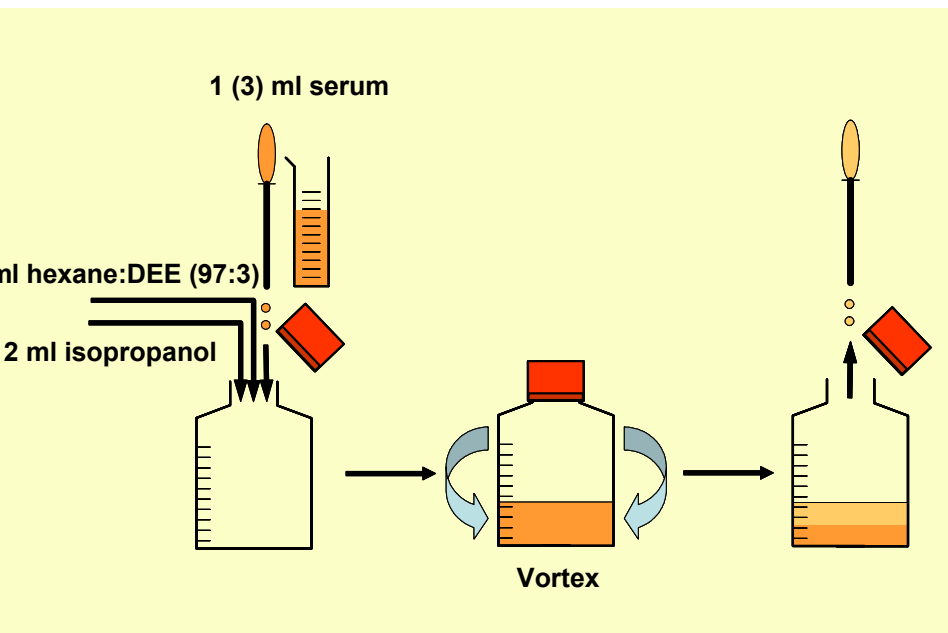
DR CALUX® - extraction and clean up

Minimal amount of serum required:

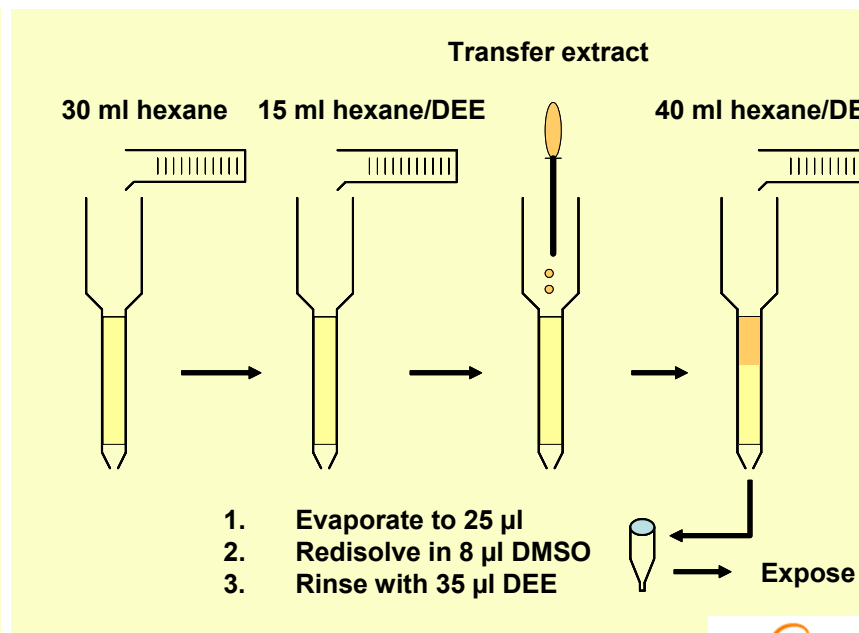
Maternal: 1 ml

Fetal: 3 ml

Extraction

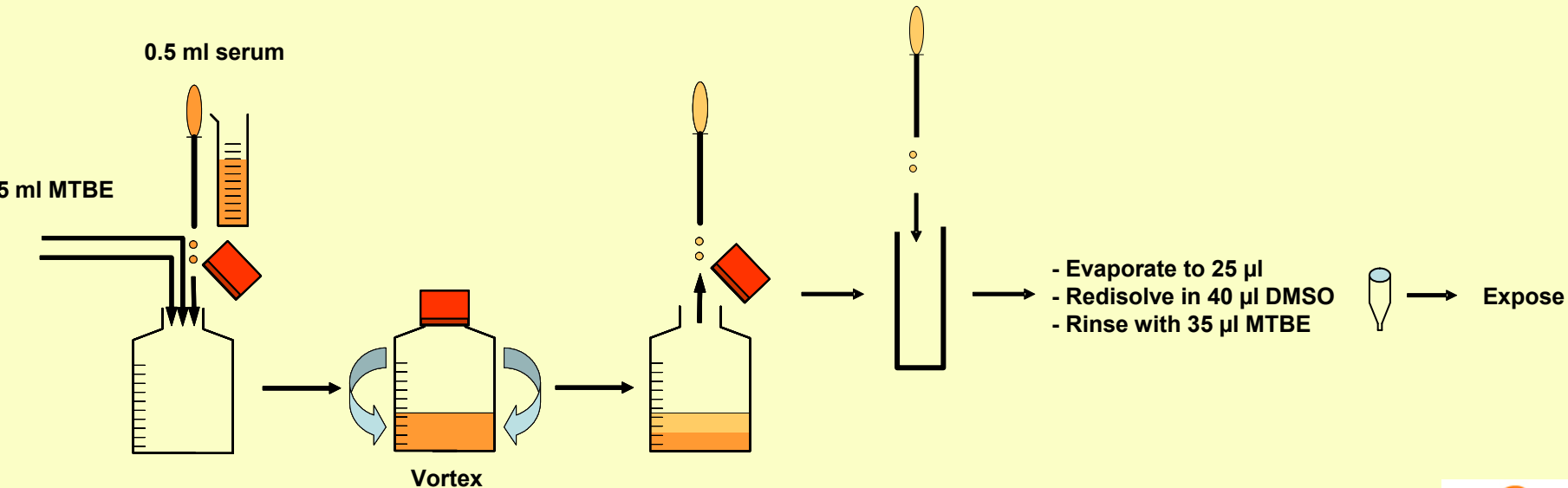


Clean-up



ER and AR CALUX[®] - extraction and clean up

- Extraction; no clean-up required
- Minimal amount of serum required: 0.5 ml per sample



	DR CALUX®	ER CALUX®	AR CALUX®
Limit of Detection (LOD) (pM/well)	0.3	0.7	7.2
Limit of Quantitation (LOQ) (pM/well)	0.5	2.4	17
Correctness	7.4%	4.4%	6.9%
Intralaboratory repeatability	21%	18%	24%
Intralaboratory reproducibility	22%	25%	24%
Measure uncertainty	23%	25%	25%
Selectivity	7.7%	12.4%	1.0%
Robustness	$VC_r \sim VC_R$	$VC_r \sim VC_R$	$VC_r \sim VC_R$

ER CALUX® LOD: 0.02 ng estradiol equivalents/ml plasma

AR CALUX® LOD: 0.09 ng DHT equivalents/ml plasma

AR CALUX® LOD: 20 pg 2,3,7,8-TCDD TEQ/g fat

Official (Dutch) guidelines for validation were followed: NEN:7777, NEN:7778.



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Number of samples to be analysed

Number of maternal samples received:	847
Number of cord blood samples received:	726
Number of pairs:	563

Perfusion study: 175

Samples received from:

DK BioBank (Denmark)



BraMat (Norway)



INMA (Spain)

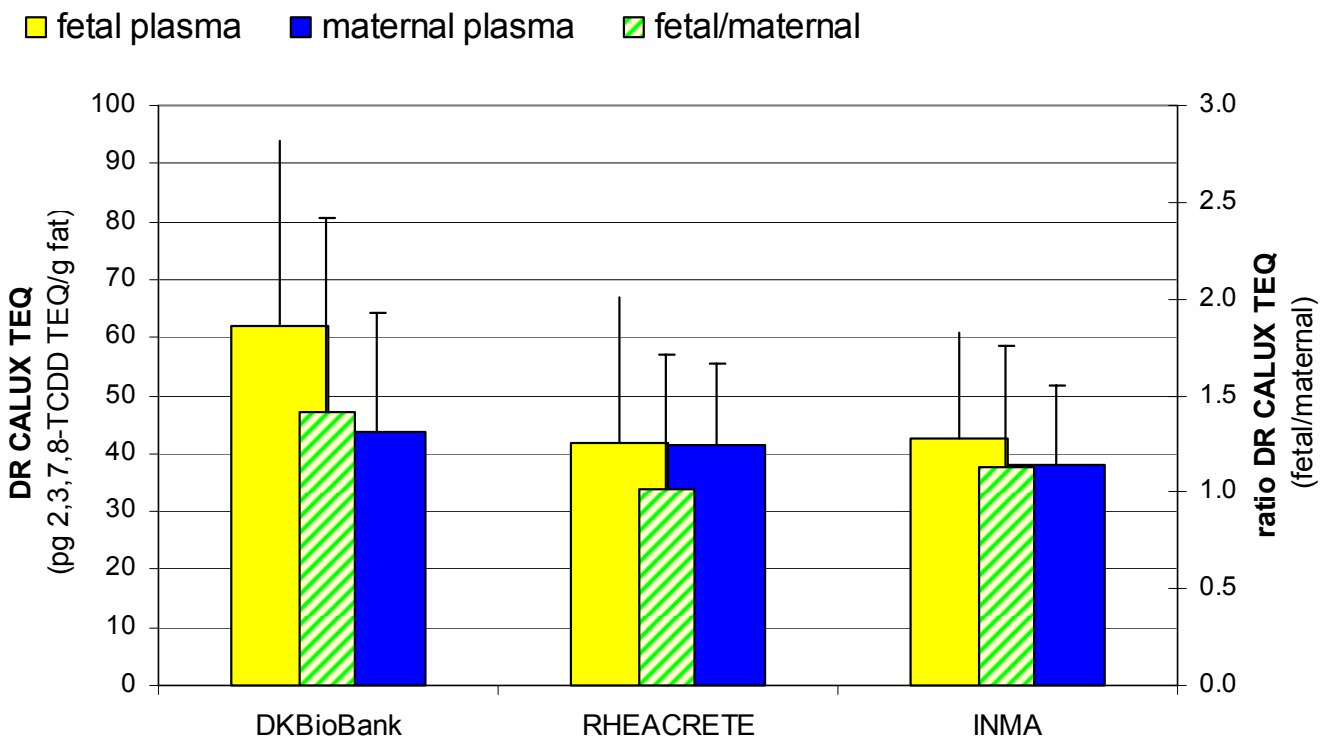


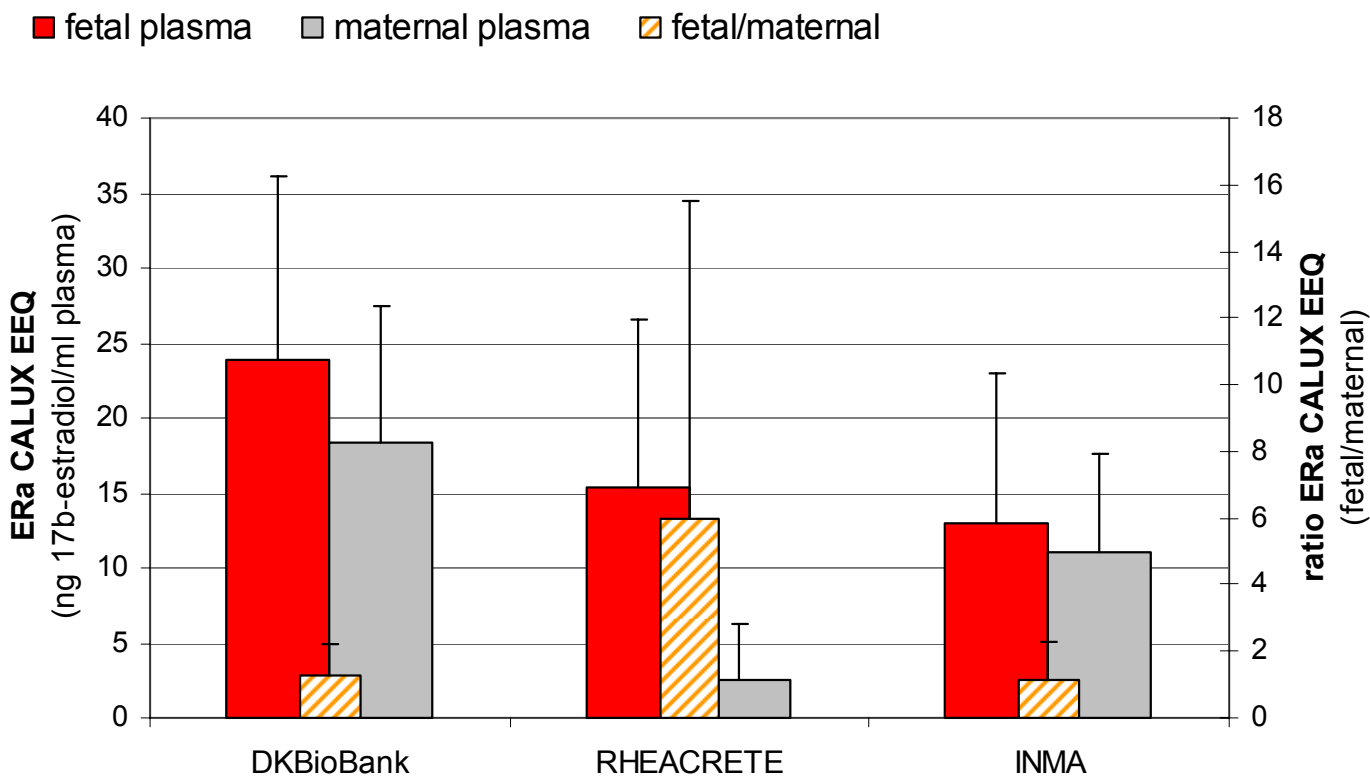
RHEACRETE (Greece)

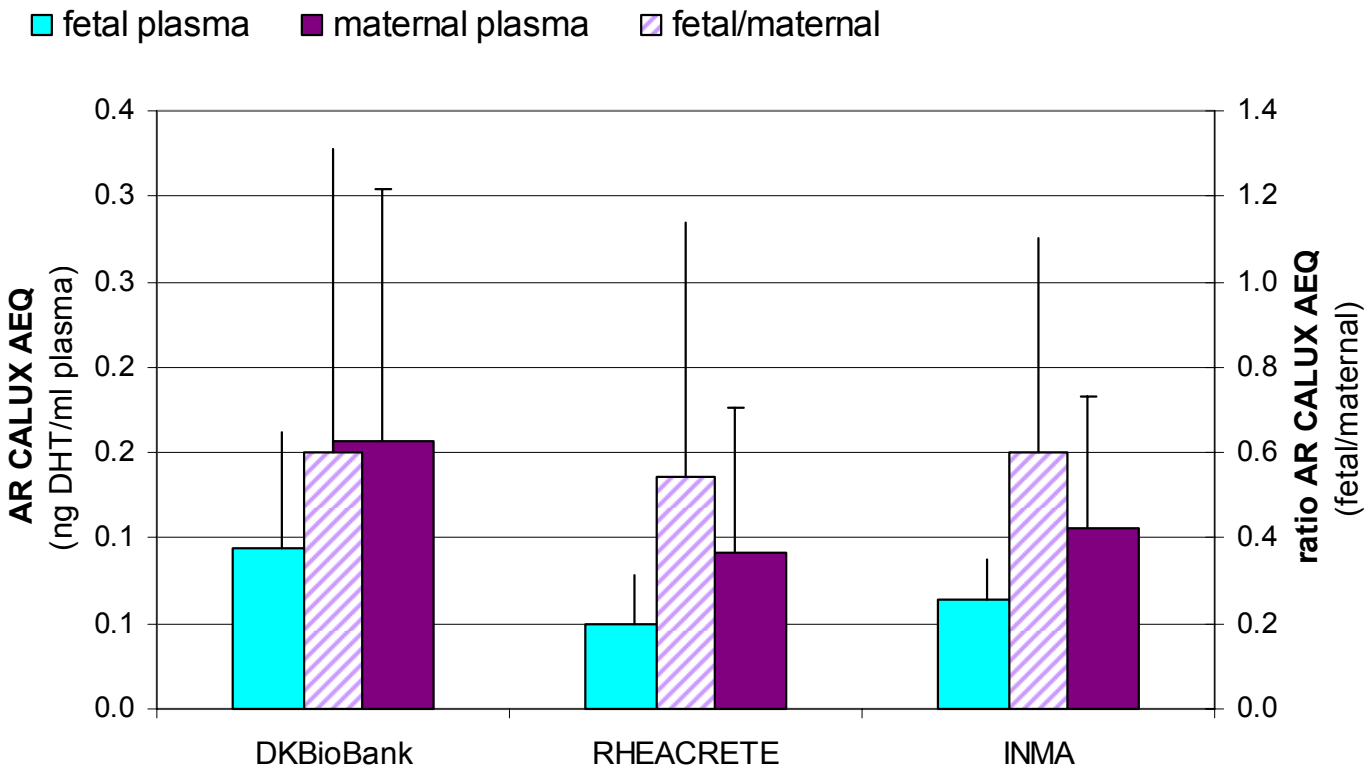


BiB (UK)

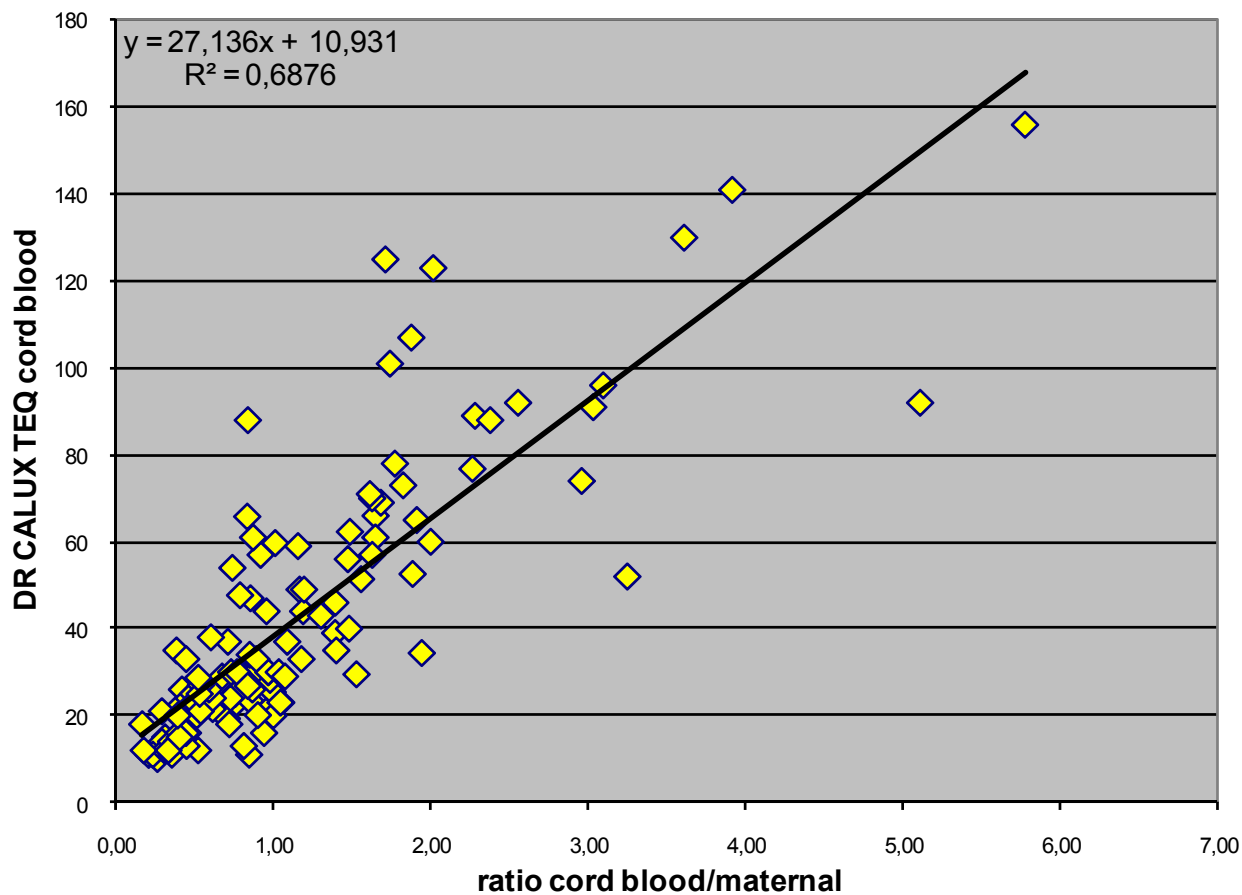


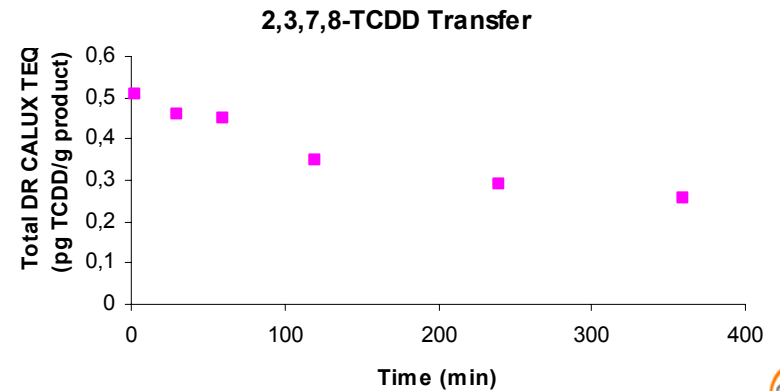
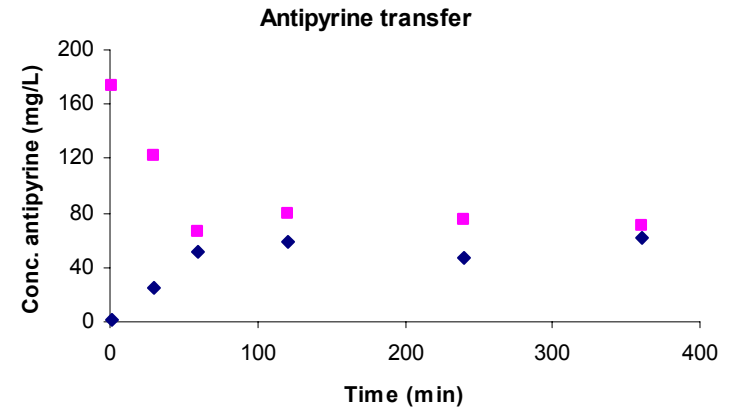
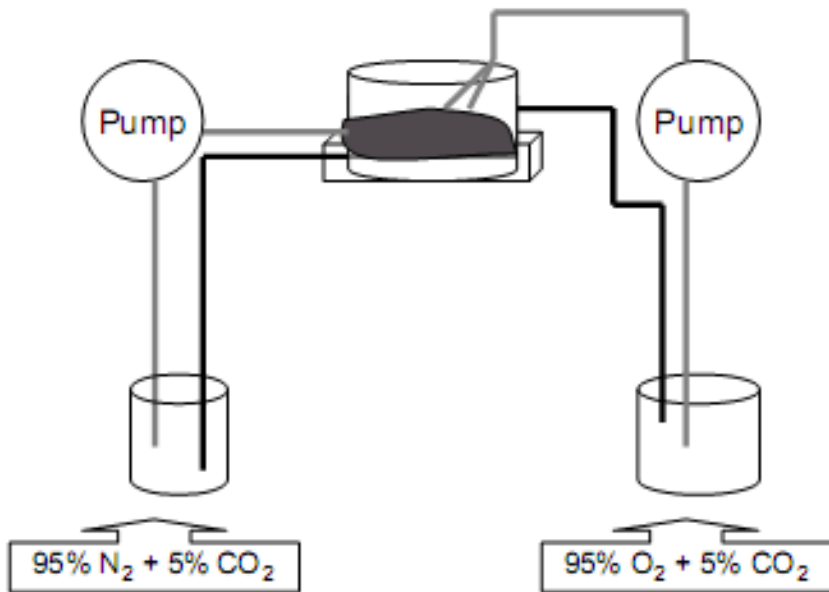






Ratio cord blood plasma/maternal plasma vs cord blood plasma





- **Epidemiology (existing and new biobanks)**
- **Diagnostics / clinical studies**
- **Screening**



**Thank you
for your attention**